Correlative modelling of microstructure and stress in Solid Mechanics using Machine Learning

Sarthak Kapoor¹, Jaber Rezaei Mianroodi², Bob Svendsen^{1,2}

¹Material Mechanics, RWTH Aachen ²Max-Plank Institute for Iron Research, Düsseldorf

Results

Goals

Methods

- Learn mapping between material properties and stress fields for given boundary condition and loading.
- Predict full stress tensor (First Piola-Kirchhoff) with expected speedups
- Study the generalizability of the trained network



Stress field predictions and errors

Computation/Inference time (single core)-DAMASK = 696.5 s/case U-Net = 0.659 s/case

Shear components



- Spectral Solver (DAMASK)
 - Geometry 20-seeds Voronoi; square periodic boundary (64px, 256px)
- Uniaxial tensile loading gives 5 non-trivial stress fields
- Material properties at each point picked from defined sets
- Considerations Fixed point iterations, convergence, numerical resolution, system size.
- Network (U-Net)
 - Fully-convolutional implementation, MAE loss, Adam optimizer

- Generalization
 - Varying the number of grains
 - Train+Test resolution 256px
 - Errors not only influenced by boundaries







— P22 — - P23

--- P32 --- P33

-P11

60

40 (s)

- Varying the numerical resolution
 - Train resolution 256px



- Kernels learned at different resolution, skip connections preserve higher resolution information
- Multi-output channels start from first decoding stage





(MPa)

ັ<u>2</u> 20

Predicted $\delta P11(MPa)$ Inclusions

Two-phase matrix-inclusion

1024



Outlook

- Are the predictions physically correct? Conditions for mechanical equilibrium – PINN
- Another approach Fourier Neural Operators
- Lower errors; Discretization-free learning



-11.5 16.8 -12.5 4.9 -11.5 15.8 -15.5 5.4 -20.9 22.1 -11.8 7.2

References

- J. R. Mianroodi et al. Teaching solid mechanics to artificial intelligence-a fast solver for heterogeneous materials. *npj Computational Materials*, 2021.
- F. Roters et al. DAMASK the Dusseldorf Advanced Material Simulation Kit for modeling 2. multi-physics crystal plasticity, thermal, and damage phenomena from the single crystal up to the component scale. Computational Materials Science, 2019.
- Zongyi Li et al. Fourier neural operator for parametric partial differential equations. *CoRR*, abs/2010.08895, 2020. 3.



